



SQUASH OFFICIATING INTRODUCTORY EXAMINATION

Relating to *The World Squash Singles Rules* effective 1st January 2014

This examination is for qualification as a Club Referee

Candidate's Name:			
District and Club:		Player grading list code:	
Telephone numbers:	Home	Mobile	Email

Notes:

1. Questions relate to the Point-a-Rally scoring system (PARS) unless stated otherwise.
2. Each correct answer scores one mark.
3. This examination is for Club Referee qualification, and requires a mark of 90% or more.
4. This examination alone meets the requirements for Club Referee qualification.
5. This examination must be sent to the National Director of Referees for marking (see addresses at the end of this examination paper).
6. Candidates and Districts will be notified of results by email – please ensure an email address is included on this paper.
7. Candidates may post hard copy or email soft copy to the National Director for marking.
8. Candidates may attempt this examination as many times as is necessary.
9. Email attachments as word documents, pdf documents or jpeg documents are all acceptable.

Candidate's Name:	
-------------------	--

INTRODUCTORY EXAMINATION (Club Referee)

Place a cross [X] for the correct answer in the boxes below

1. How long is the warm-up?
- 4.1 3 minutes As long as both players want A maximum of 5 minutes Until the Referee calls "Play"
2. May the players warm up separately?
- 4.1 Yes, if both players agree No Yes, if one of them wants to
3. In the warm-up may a player hit the ball back to himself or herself 20 times?
- 4.2 Yes No
4. During the warm-up, when must players change sides?
- 4.1 After 3 minutes After 2½ minutes When the Referee decides
5. Under point-a-rally scoring (PARS) which player may score points?
- 2.1 Either player The server The receiver
6. After gaining the serve, which box must the server serve from?
- 5.2 The right box The left box Either box
7. After a let, which box must the server serve from?
- 5.3 Either box The opposite box The same box
8. The server is standing with one foot outside the service box and the other foot on the line. Is it?
- 5.7.2
5.8 A good serve Yes, let A fault
9. The server serves the ball and it hits the service line on the front wall. Is it?
- 5.7.3 Good Fault Yes, let

10. The server serves the ball, and the receiver makes a swing hitting the ball into the tin. The receiver then claims to have not been ready to receive the serve and requests a let. Is it?
- 5.10 Yes, let No let
11. At the beginning of a game, which box must the server serve from?
- 5.2 The right box The left box Either box
12. A ball hits the line marking the top boundaries of the court. Is it?
- 6.2.2
6.2.4
Defn Out In play Out Not up
13. A ball passes above the level of the line marking the top boundaries of the court, but does not hit the wall, ceiling, or any court fixture. Is it?
- 6.2.2 In play Out Not up
14. Who keeps track of all time requirements under the Rules, and makes the calls of "half time", "time", and "fifteen seconds"?
- 3.7.7
App 2.2 The players The Marker The Referee The official timekeeper
15. If the score reaches 10-all (or 14-all), what must the winner do?
- 2.2 Win by 2 points Win the next point Get to 17 first
16. To whom must a player address all requests for a let or appeals?
- 3.7.4 The Marker The Referee Either the Marker or the Referee
17. May a player appeal a Referee decision?
- 3.7
10.7 Yes No
18. The Marker calls the ball out. The loser of the rally then appeals to the Referee who is unsure. What is the Referee's decision?
- 3.7.9
10.6.4
10.6.5 The Marker's call stands Yes, let No let
19. How much time is allowed to change a broken racket?
- 7.3 3 minutes A maximum of 90 seconds As long as the player needs
20. After hitting the ball, what must a player do?
- 8.1 Move back to the "T" Move in any direction Make every effort to clear

21. A ball hits close to the out-line. The Marker is unsure and says nothing. What should the Referee do if sure the ball was out?
- 3.7.5
10.6.3
- Wait until the end of the rally Play a let Stop play and call the ball out
22. How much time is permitted between games?
- 7.1
- 2 minutes 90 seconds As long as the players want
23. A player has his racket ready and can hit the ball directly to the front wall. The opponent is in the way of the shot. The player stops play and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 8.11.1
- Yes, let No let Stroke to the player
24. A player plays a shot down the wall. The opponent has a clear, unobstructed path to the ball, but stops and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 8.6.1
- Yes, let No let
25. A player hits a drop shot that hits the nick and rolls out. The opponent runs into the player and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 8.6.2
- Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
26. A player hits a loose shot and attempts to clear. The opponent moves to hit the ball. The opponent stops play and requests a let, believing the player was in line with a direct shot to the front wall. What is the Referee's decision if the player was just clear?
- 8.6.6
- Stroke to the opponent No let Yes, let
27. A player has been injured in an accidental collision with the opponent and cannot continue play immediately. What should the referee do?
- 14.3.2
- Give the player 15 minutes to recover Award the match to the opponent Give as much time as needed to recover
28. At the conclusion of 15 minutes recovery time for a contributed injury, if the injured player is not ready to continue, how much discretionary time can the referee permit for further recovery?
- 14.3.2
- 3 minutes 15 minutes As much time as necessary for recovery
29. A player hits a drop shot that is well above the tin and the ball comes back towards the player. The opponent goes to play the ball, but finds the player in the way. Is it?
- 8.1
- Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent

30. A player hits a drop shot. The opponent gets to the ball and hits a lob up the centre of the court. As the opponent makes every effort to clear, the player calls "Let please", when the ball is still about 5 metres high. By the time the player could have hit the ball, the opponent would have been clear. Is it?
- 8.6.1 Yes, let Stroke to the player No let
31. A player hits a drop shot that the opponent would be able to reach, but as the player makes every effort to clear, the opponent collides with the player while going for the ball. Is it?
- 8.6.6 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
32. If the Marker and Referee disagree what the score is, whose score sheet is taken as correct?
- 3.7 The Marker's The Referee's Neither – the players decide
33. A player hits a drop shot (but it is not a winner) and moves in a straight line back to the "T", blocking the opponent's direct access to the ball. Is it?
- 8.6.5 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
34. A player attempts to play the ball, but the opponent is so close that the player's swing is prevented. Is it?
- 8.9.2 Yes, let No let Stroke to the player
35. A player attempts to play the ball, but on the downswing the racket makes slight contact with the opponent's body. The player's swing is affected and the player requests a let. Is it?
- 8.9.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the player
36. A player hits a return down the wall to the back corner and, having hit the shot, moves in a straight line back to the "T". The opponent's direct access to the ball in the back corner is blocked. Is it?
- 8.6.5 Yes, let Stroke to the opponent No let
37. A player hits the ball and makes every effort to clear. The opponent goes to play the ball, but stops play for fear of hitting the player with the swing. The player is just clear of the swing, and the opponent requests a let. Is it?
- 8.6.6 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
38. A player swings at the ball and the racket touches the opponent. The player completes the swing, sees the ball hit the tin – and then the player calls "Let please". Is it?
- 8.2
8.6.3 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent

39. A player hits a ball and makes every effort to clear. The opponent thinks that the player is in the way of the swing and requests a let. However, the player is well clear of the swing-path. Is it?
- 8.6.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
40. A player hits the ball and stands still. The opponent is unable to gain access to the ball. The opponent stops and requests a let. Is it?
- 8.6.5 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
41. A player is wearing a watch and during a rally it falls to the floor. What must the Referee do?
- 13.4 Allow play to continue Stop play if the watch interferes with play Stop play immediately
42. A player attempts to play the ball down the wall, but the ball hits the nick between the side wall and the front wall and rebounds quickly back towards the "T". The player, moving back towards the "T", runs into the opponent's swing. Is it?
- 8.9.2 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
43. A player hits a drop shot but it is not a winner and stands still. The opponent tries to get to the ball, but the player is blocking the opponent's access to the ball. The opponent stops and requests a let. Is it?
- 8.6.5 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
44. A player wears a watch and during a rally it falls to the floor. The opponent stops and requests a let. What is the outcome of the rally?
- 13.4.1 Yes, let Stroke to the player Stroke to the opponent
45. A player hits a return that hits the side wall and then hits the opponent. The return would have been good. Is it?
- 9.1.3 Stroke to the player Yes, let No let
46. How many times may a player attempt to hit the ball?
- 6.2.1 *Defn Correctly* Once Twice As many times as possible before the ball bounces twice
47. A player turns on the ball and hits it. The ball is going directly to the front wall and would be good, but it hits the opponent. Is it?
- 9.1.5 Yes, let Stroke to the player Stroke to the opponent

48. A player swings at the ball and misses. The ball bounces off the back wall and the player would have been able to hit it on a second attempt, but runs into the opponent, who is trying to clear. The player requests a let. Is it?

8.12
8.6.6

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

49. After hitting a return, a player stands still and the opponent cannot get direct access to the ball and calls "Let please". Is it?

8.6.5

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

50. A player turns on the ball, stops play and requests a let. The Referee believes that the player would have made a good return and the ball may have hit the opponent. What should the Referee's decision be?

8.11.1
8.13.2

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the player

Total marks for this paper = 50

MARKS	
Result =	$\frac{\quad}{50} = \quad \%$
	(45 = 90%)

Send completed examination papers to:

Chris Buckland
15A Walnut Avenue,
Ashburton 7700

Or

cm.buckland@xtra.co.nz

Note that papers will not be returned to candidates, nor which questions were incorrect. However, which rules need to be checked will be indicated. Electronic submissions are preferred if possible.