



**WORLD SQUASH
FEDERATION**

SQUASH OFFICIATING EXAMINATION

Relating to *The World Squash Singles Rules* effective 1st May 2001

<i>Candidate's Name</i>			
<i>Address</i>			<i>Postcode</i>
<i>Telephone Numbers</i>	<i>Home</i>	<i>Work</i>	<i>Mobile/Cell Phone</i>



Notes:

1. Questions relate to standard scoring (not the Point-a-Rally scoring system) unless stated otherwise.
2. Each correct answer scores one mark.
3. This examination is for Club and District use, but there is no set pass mark.
4. This examination does not meet the requirements for District or National Referee qualifications.

MARKS	MAXIMUM	%

PART 1 - INTRODUCTORY

If you have already passed Part One, you may move to Part Two immediately.

Place a cross [X] for the correct answer in the boxes below

1. How long is the warm-up?
 3.1 3 minutes As long as both players want A maximum of 5 minutes Until the Referee calls "Play"
2. May the players warm up separately?
 3.1 Yes, if both players agree No Yes, if one of them wants to
3. In the warm-up may a player hit the ball back to himself or herself 20 times?
 3.2 Yes No
4. During the warm-up, when must players change sides?
 3.1 After 3 minutes After 2 ½ minutes When the Referee decides
5. Under standard scoring (to 9 points) which player may score points?
 2.1 Either player The server The receiver
6. After gaining the serve, which box must the server serve from?
 4.2 The right box The left box Either box
7. After a let, which box must the server serve from?
 4.2 Either box The opposite box The same box
8. The server is standing with one foot outside the service-box and the other foot on the line. Is it?
 4.4.1 A good serve Yes, let A Foot Fault
9. The server serves the ball and it hits the service-line on the front wall. Is it?
 4.4.3 Good Fault Yes, let

10. The server serves the ball; the receiver makes a swing and hits the ball into the tin. The receiver then claims to have not been ready to receive the serve and requests a let. Is it?

13.2.1 Yes, let No let

11. At the beginning of a game, which box must the server serve from?

4.2 The right box The left box Either box

12. A ball hits the line marking the top boundaries of the court. Is it?

4.4.3 In play Out Not up

13. A ball passes above the level of the line marking the top boundaries of the court, but does not hit the wall, ceiling, or any court fixture. Is it?

4.4.3 In play Out Not up

14. Who keeps track of all time requirements under the Rules, and makes the calls of "half-time, "time", and "fifteen seconds"?

20.5 The players The Marker The Referee The official timekeeper

15. If the score reaches 8-all, who chooses to play to 9 or 10 points?

2.2 The receiver The server The Referee

16. To whom must a player address all requests for a let or appeals?

20.1 The Marker The Referee Either the Marker or the Referee

17. May a player appeal a Referee's decision?

20.1 Yes No

18. The Marker calls the ball out. The loser of the rally then appeals to the Referee, who is unsure. What is the Referee's decision?

11.2.1.1 The Marker's call stands Yes, let No let

19. How much time is allowed to change a broken racket?

7.3 3 minutes A maximum of 90 seconds As long as the player needs

20. After hitting the ball, what must a player do?

12.2 Move back to the T Move in any direction Make every effort to clear

21. A ball hits close to the out-line. The Marker is unsure and says nothing. What should the Referee do if sure the ball was out?
- 11.2.2 Wait until the end of the rally Play a let Stop play and call the ball out
22. How much time is permitted between games?
- 7.2 2 minutes 90 seconds As long as the players want
23. A player has his racket ready and can hit the ball directly to the front wall. The opponent is in the way of the shot. The player stops play and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 12.8.4 Yes, let No let Stroke to the player
24. A player plays a shot down the wall. The opponent has a clear, unobstructed path to the ball, but stops and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 12.7.1 Yes, let No let
25. A player hits a drop shot that hits the nick and rolls out. The player runs into the opponent and calls "Let please". Is it?
- 12.7.2 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
26. A player hits a loose shot and attempts to clear. The opponent moves to hit the ball. The opponent stops play and requests a let, believing that the player was in line with a direct shot to the front wall. What is the Referee's decision if the player was just clear?
- 13.1.2 Stroke to the opponent No let Yes, let
27. A player hits a shot down the wall to good length. The opponent has a direct, unobstructed path to the ball but makes little attempt to run and hit the ball. Instead, the opponent stops play and requests a let. Is it?
- 12.7.2 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
28. A player hits a drop-shot but it is not a winner and makes every effort to clear. The opponent moves in quickly to get to the ball and collides with the player, whose exit path is now blocked. Is it?
- 12.9 Yes, let Stroke to the opponent No let
29. A player hits a drop-shot that is well above the tin and the ball comes back towards the player. The opponent goes to play the ball, but finds the player in the way. Is it?
- 12.8.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the Opponent

30. A player hits a drop-shot. The opponent gets to the ball and hits a lob up the centre of the court. As the opponent makes every effort to clear, the player calls "Let please", when the ball is still about 5 metres high. By the time the player could have hit the ball, the opponent would have been clear. Is it?

12.7.1

Yes, let

Stroke to the player

No let

31. A player hits a drop-shot that the opponent would be able to reach, but as the player makes every effort to clear, the opponent collides with the player while going for the ball. Is it?

12.9

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

32. If the Marker and Referee disagree what the score is, whose score-sheet is taken to be correct?

20.1

The Marker's

The Referee's

Neither: the players decide

33. A player hits a drop-shot (but it is not a winner) and moves in a straight line back to the "T", blocking the opponent's direct access to the ball. Is it?

12.8.1

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

34. A player attempts to play the ball, but the opponent is so close that the player's swing is prevented. Is it?

12.8.2

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the player

35. A player attempts to play the ball, but on the downswing the racket makes slight contact with the opponent's body. The player's swing is affected and the player requests a let. Is it?

[12.8.2]
G7 (2)

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the player

36. A player hits a return down the wall to the back corner and, having hit the shot, then moves in a straight line back to the "T". The opponent's direct access to the ball in the back corner is blocked. Is it?

12.8.1

Yes, let

Stroke to the opponent

No let

37. A player hits the ball and makes every effort to clear. The opponent goes to play the ball, but stops play for fear of hitting the player with the swing. The player is just clear of the swing, and the opponent requests a let. Is it?

12.9

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

38. A player swings at the ball and the racket touches the opponent. The player completes the swing, the hits the tin - and then the player calls "Let please". Is it?

12.7.3

Yes, let

No let

Stroke to the opponent

39. The player hits a ball and makes every effort to clear. The opponent thinks that the player is in the way of the swing and requests a let. However, the player is well clear of the swing-path. Is it?
- 12.7.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
40. A player hits the ball and stands still. The opponent is unable to gain access to the ball. The opponent stops play and requests a let. Is it?
- 12.8.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
41. A player is wearing a watch and during a rally it falls to the floor. What must the Referee do?
- 7.7.1 Allow play to continue Stop play if the watch interferes with play Stop play immediately
42. A player attempts to hit the ball down the wall, but the ball hits the nick between the side-wall and the front wall and rebounds quickly back towards the "T". The player, moving back towards the "T", runs into the opponent's swing. Is it?
- 12.8.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
43. A player hits a drop-shot but it is not a winner and stands still. The opponent tries to get to the ball, but the player is blocking the opponent's access to the ball. The opponent stops and requests a let. Is it?
- 12.8.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent
44. A player is wearing a watch and during a rally it falls to the floor. The opponent stops and requests a let. What is the outcome of the rally?
- 7.7.3 Yes, let Stroke to the player Stroke to the opponent
45. A player hits a return that hits the side-wall and then hits the opponent. The return would have been good. Is it?
- 9.1.4 Stroke to the player Yes, let No let
46. How many times may a player attempt to hit the ball?
- 6.1 Once Twice As many times as possible before the ball bounces twice
47. A player turns on the ball and hits it. The ball is going directly to the front wall, but it hits the opponent. Is it?
- 9.1.2 Yes, let Stroke to the player Stroke to the opponent

48. A player swings at the ball and misses. The ball bounces off the back wall and the player would have been able to hit it on a second attempt, but runs into the opponent, who is trying to clear. The player requests a let. Is it?

10.1.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent

49. After hitting a return, a player stands still and the opponent cannot get direct access to the ball and calls "Let please". Is it?

12.8.1 Yes, let No let Stroke to the opponent

50. Under point-a-rally scoring (PARS), which player may score points?

Appendix 7
2.1 Either player The server The receiver

Total marks for this paper = 50

YOUR MARKS		
Result	=	$\frac{\quad}{50} = \quad \%$